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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/746,325	12/21/2000	Lanny Gilbert	36968/248469	1704	
36192	7590 01/13/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
CANTOR COLBURN LLP			LEZAK, AR	LEZAK, ARRIENNE M	
55 GRIFFIN R BLOOMFIEL	ROAD SOUTH D. CT 06002		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBEI		
	.,		2143	•	

DATE MAILED: 01/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	/
Office Action Comment	09/746,325	GILBERT, LANNY	$\mathcal{N}$
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	-
	Arrienne M. Lezak	2143	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondenc addres	ss
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR. 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was reply to period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this commu D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.
Status		,	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on		•	
	action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the me	erits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	•		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	•	•	• •
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-1	52.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	, ,	, (-, (-,-	
1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.		
<ol><li>Certified copies of the priority document</li></ol>	s have been received in Applicat	ion No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stag	ge
application from the International Bureau	` "		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	∍d.	
Attochm ===4/=1			
Attachment(s)  1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	/(PTO-413)	
2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152	2)
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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Examiner notes that Claims 1, 9 & 16 have been amended, and no Claims have been cancelled or newly added since issuance of the prior Office Action. Claims not explicitly addressed herein are found to be addressed within prior Office Action dated 28 May 2004 as reiterated herein below.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Microsoft Passport ™ in view of US Patent 5,966,705 to Koneru.
- 4. Regarding Newly Amended Claims 1, 9 & 16 and original Claims 12-14 & 17, Microsoft Passport ™ discloses a system and method for providing information on a plurality of requestors over the Internet, ("Microsoft Passport: Streamlining Commerce and Communication on the Web", October 11, 1999 article Examiner numbered p.18), comprising:
  - storing information on the plurality of users in a database located on a web server and associating the information with a plurality of keys, (Passports).

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wherein keys, (Passports), are assigned, (created), for the user by an assigning functionality, (per pending Claim 17), ("Microsoft Passport is committed to Safeguarding Security and Privacy" – Examiner numbered p.13-15);

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- receiving a request at the web server for information on a particular user from one of the requestors over the Internet, ("Microsoft Passport is committed to Safeguarding Security and Privacy" Examiner numbered p.13-15);
- receiving a key corresponding to user data associated with the request at the web server from the requestor over the Internet, the key associated with the request included in a cookie on a machine of the particular user wherein the key associated with the request was retrieved from the machine of the particular user by the requestor, (per pending Claim 12), ("Microsoft Passport is committed to Safeguarding Security and Privacy" Examiner numbered p.13-15);
- using the key(s) associated with the request to retrieve the information on that particular user from the database, (per pending Claim 13), ("Microsoft Passport is committed to Safeguarding Security and Privacy" – Examiner numbered p.13-15);
- forwarding the information on that particular user to the one requestor over the Internet, ("Microsoft Passport is committed to Safeguarding Security and Privacy" Examiner numbered p.13-15);

p.13-15).

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wherein receiving a request from a second user's machine, checking for a cookie on the second user's machine, sending a query for an available key when the second user's machine does not contain any cookie, and placing the cookie with the available key on the second user's machine, (first-time sign-in), (per pending Claim 14), ("Microsoft Passport is committed to Safeguarding Security and Privacy" – Examiner numbered

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- 5. Though Microsoft Passport ™ teaches the use of cookies, ("Microsoft Passport is committed to Safeguarding Security and Privacy" Examiner numbered p. 7 & 15), Microsoft specifies that when a user chooses to "sign-out" of Passport, all Passport-related cookies from all Passport Web sites are deleted to insure unauthorized people are not able to access member information from the same computer. In other words, though Microsoft Passport ™ teaches temporary cookie storage on the client, it does not specifically teach permanent cookie storage on the client.
- 6. Koneru discloses a "globally unique identifier", (GUID), created by a server when a user first accesses a website and stored on the client computer as a "cookie". Upon user return to the website, the browser searches local storage to determine if it has a cookie for that website. If so, the browser transmits the cookie to the server, (Col. 2, lines 12-67 and Col. 3, lines 1-10). Koneru further discloses use of the GUID which also prompts the user for user ID and password information, which the system stores as a cookie which user ID and password information is subsequently received by a website each time the user passes the cookie to the website, (Col. 2, lines 12-67 and Col. 3,

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lines 1-10). Moreover, Examiner notes, (per the amended claims), that Koneru specifically teaches Applicant's claim limitations, including server-to-server communications wherein the web server database is accessed using the token received from the client, (Koneru – Claims 1-25; particularly Claims 1-11).

- 7. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention by Applicant to substitute the Koneru method of permanent storage of cookie data on the client within the Microsoft Passport ™ system. The motivation to combine is found within the Microsoft Passport ™ use of cookies generally and in the fact that should a member client not sign off or close the browser, said Passport-related cookies in theory are never deleted. For reasons of security, Microsoft Passport ™ teaches the destruction of cookie data on the client machine, however, retention of the same would have been an obvious, albeit less secure variation. Thus, Newly Amended Claims 1, 9 & 16 and original Claims 12-14 & 17 are found to be unpatentable over the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view of Koneru.
- 8. Regarding Claims 2 & 3, the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view of Koneru are relied upon as noted herein. As noted above, Microsoft Passport ™ discloses the storing of information as a different key(s) (Passport(s)) for each user, wherein the different keys may represent multiple sets of information pertaining to the same user, ("Microsoft Passport is committed to Safeguarding Security and Privacy" − Examiner numbered p.13-15). Examiner notes that within Microsoft Passport ™, a user may create multiple Passports using multiple sets of information. Thus, Claims 2 & 3 are found to be unpatentable over the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view

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of Koneru with motivation to combine as noted herein above relative to Claims 1, 9, 12-14, 16 and 17.

- 9. Regarding Claims 4, 5, 11 & 19, the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view of Koneru are relied upon as noted herein. Microsoft Passport ™ further discloses a security means wherein a requestor must be authorized by the user in order to obtain information about the same, (per pending Claims 4, 11 & 19), ("Microsoft Passport is committed to Safeguarding Security and Privacy" Examiner numbered p.13-15). Examiner finds that the use of a user-supplied password, (per pending Claims 5 & 11), would have been obvious in view of the fact that Microsoft Passport ™ does not allow access to user information without user-controlled authorization, which authorization would obviously include a user-supplied password verification means. Thus, Claims 4, 5, 11 & 19 are found to be unpatentable over the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view of Koneru with motivation to combine as noted herein above relative to Claims 1, 9, 12-14, 16 and 17.
- 10. Regarding Claims 6, 10 and 20, the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view of Koneru are relied upon as noted herein. Koneru further discloses the use of ActiveX controls, Java applets and VB Scripts as inserted into HTML documents, (Col. 1, lines 39-46). As Koneru utilizes HTML, Examiner finds that the use of XML for the sending of information would have been obvious. Thus, Claims 6, 10 & 20 are found to be unpatentable over the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view of Koneru with motivation to combine as noted herein above relative to Claims 1, 9, 12-14, 16 and 17.

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11. Regarding Claims 7, 15 and 18, the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view of Koneru are relied upon as noted herein. Microsoft Passport ™ further discloses the receiving of new information on the user from the requestor and updating the database with the new information, ("Microsoft Passport is committed to Safeguarding Security and Privacy" – Examiner numbered p.13-16). Examiner notes that a user may update Passport profile information at any time. Moreover, Examiner finds that emails sent on behalf of participating websites could obviously include requests for additional or updated user information for a variety of purposes, which could obviously be used to update or enhance user information. Thus, Examiner finds that it would have been obvious for a user or administrator to update user information per the respective user or website request. Thus, Claims 7, 15 and 18 are found to be unpatentable over the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view of Koneru with motivation to combine as noted herein above relative to Claims 1, 9, 12-14, 16 and 17.

12. Regarding Claim 8, the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view of Koneru are relied upon as noted herein. As noted above, Microsoft Passport ™ selects, (creates), an available key, (Passport), for the user and supplies the same to the requestor for communication with the user. Moreover, it is also noted above that within Microsoft Passport ™, said keys are only temporarily stored on the user's machine as cookies, whereas, the permanent storage of cookies on a user machine is taught by Koneru. The motivation to combine the teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ with the cookie storage functionality of Koneru is also noted herein above relative to Claims 1, 9, Application/Control Number: 09/746,325 Page 8

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12-14, 16 and 17. Thus, Claim 8 is found to be unpatentable over the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ in view of Koneru.

## Response to Arguments

- 13. Applicant's arguments filed 25 August 2004, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments do not comply with 37 CFR 1.111(c) because they do not clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. Further, they do not show how the amendments avoid such references or objections.
- 14. In response to Applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). As noted herein above, Examiner finds that all claim limitations, (both originally presented and newly amended), are rendered obvious in view of the combined teachings of Microsoft Passport ™ and Koneru.
- 15. Thus, as Examiner has completely addressed Applicant's amendment, and finding Applicant's arguments do not show how Applicant's amendment avoids such references or objections, Examiner hereby maintains the rejection of the originally presented claims in their entirety. Further, Examiner has addressed Applicant's amendment, and has additionally rejected Newly Amended Claims 1, 9 & 16.

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16. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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17. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Arrienne M. Lezak whose telephone number is (571)-272-3916. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on (571)-272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Arrienne M. Lezak Examiner Art Unit 2143

**AML** 

DAVID WILEY
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
CHOCK OGY CENTER 2100